

DriveLock Linux Agent

Documentation 2023.1

DriveLock SE 2023



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1 DriveLock Linux Agents

DriveLock supports assigning centrally stored policies to DriveLock agents running the Linux operating system.

The functionality of Linux support is currently limited to locking external devices and drives connected to Linux clients via a USB interface, plus some application control functions. This gives administrators control over the usage of devices, drives and applications, on DriveLock Linux agents as well, so that these client computers are reliably protected from malware attacks. In addition, the EDR functionality can be used to evaluate some DriveLock events and create corresponding event filter definitions.

2 System Requirements

2.1 Supported Linux distributions

DriveLock supports the following 64-bit Linux distributions (as listed below and higher):

- CentOS 8
- Debian 11
- Fedora 34
- IGEL OS 11.05
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5
- SUSE 15.3
- Ubuntu 20.04

2.2 DriveLock configurations

The following configuration requirements must be met to manage DriveLock Linux Agents in a DriveLock environment and control the use of their USB interfaces.

Complete installation and configuration of DriveLock with

- DriveLock Management Console (DMC): starting with version 2021.2
- DriveLock Enterprise Service (DES): starting with version 2021.2
- DriveLock Linux Agent (on the Linux clients): starting with version 2021.2

Note: Please ensure that the same DriveLock version (or higher) is installed on the DES and on the DriveLock Agent.

3 Installing the DriveLock Agent

3.1 Installation instructions

Follow these steps to install the DriveLock Linux Agent on your Linux clients.

Mote: Please note that the installation is different for IGEL clients.

- Copy and extract the **drivelock.tgz** file on your Linux clients. It is included on the DriveLock ISO image.
- 2. The file contains the **drivelockd-install.sh** installation script . Run this script (see also Installation parameters).

Warning: To run scripts on the Linux client, you must have administrator rights (see figure).

```
test@testub:~$ sudo ./drivelockd-install.sh
[sudo] password for test:
Drivelock self extract installer
extracting archive...
install to path [suggest: '/opt/drivelock']:
drivelock server url [format: http(s)://<server>:<port>]: https://192.168.8.249:6067
drivelock tenant [default: root]: kav
drivelock tenant join token [default: none]:
installing drivelock linux agent to: '/opt/drivelock'
setting server to: 'https://192.168.8.249:6067'
setting tenant to: 'kav'
starting agent ...
```

- 3. Enter the following:
 - Installation path: The default is /opt/drivelock, but you can also specify a different path.
 - DES and port: Enter the server URL in the format 'https://<Server->:<Port>' here.
 - Tenant: The default is 'root', but you can also specify a different tenant (in the figure kav).
 - Join token: a join token can be specified here or the line can be left empty.
- 4. The DriveLock Service starts as soon as the DriveLock Linux Agent has been completely installed.
- 5. If you experience errors during installation, we recommend restarting the Linux client to ensure that all DriveLock messages are displayed in the Linux client's user interface.

Note: The Linux client only displays messages when devices are connected or disconnected (as popups), the DriveLock Agent does not have its own user interface here.

3.2 Installation parameters

To install the DriveLock Linux Agent on your Linux clients, you can optionally use installation parameters. To display the individual parameters, open the installation script with the parameter – h (see figure).

```
test@testub:~$ sudo ./drivelockd-install.sh -h
Drivelock self extract installer
extracting archive...
 usage: ./drivelockd-install.sh [options]
 options:
   -h|--help
                                   print this help message
   -c|--custom-part
                                   create a custom partition package
   -i|--install <PATH>
                                   install into path
   -s|--server <SRV>
                                   server
   -t|--tenant <TENANT>
                                   tenant
   -j|--jointoken <TOKEN>
                                   tenant join token
                                   set debug logging level
   -d|--debug
   -r|--remove
                                   unintall drivelock
```

You can specify the following installation parameters:

- -h: Displays help for the installation parameters
- -c: This parameter only applies to IGEL clients. Here you enter the Custom Partition Package you want to use.
- -i: Enter the path to the DriveLock installation directory. The default is the current working directory, but you can also specify a different path.
- -s: Enter the server here in the format https://<server>:<port>'. See figure above.
- -t: Enter the tenant, the default is 'root'.
- -j: Set a join token during the installation. More information here.
- -d: Sets the local log level
- -r: Uninstalls the Drivelock agent

3.3 Installing the DriveLock Agent on IGEL clients

Follow these steps to install the DriveLock Linux Agent on your IGEL clients.

- 1. Copy and extract the **tar -xzf drivelock.tgz** file on your Linux clients. It is included on the DriveLock ISO image.
- 2. The tar file contains the **drivelockd-install.sh** installation script.

```
Run this script with the parameter -c (see figure).
```

```
test@testub:~/igel_custom_partition$ ./drivelockd-install.sh -c
Drivelock self extract installer
extracting archive...
install to path [suggest: '/home/test/igel_custom_partition']:
drivelock server url [format: http(s)://<server>:<port>]: https://192.168.8.207:6067
drivelock tenant [default: root]:
installing drivelock linux agent to: '/home/test/igel_custom_partition'
setting server to: 'https://192.168.8.207:6067'
setting tenant to: 'root'
path to save custom partition package [default: '/home/test/igel_custom_partition']:
custom partition package name [default: 'drivelock']:
```

See Installation parameters for more information.

- 3. Enter the following:
 - Installation path: The default is the current working directory, but you can also specify a different path (in the figure /home/test/igel_custom_partition).
 - DES and port: Enter the server URL in the format 'https://<Server->:<Port>' here.
 - Tenant: The default is root, but you can also specify a different tenant.
 - Path and name for the user-defined IGEL OS partition files. By default, these files are created in the current working directory.

Mote: You do not need root rights for this process.

4. Once the script is finished, the IGEL OS partition files drivelock.inf und drivelock.tar.bz2 are generated and located in the path specified in the above step.

<pre>test@testub:~/igel_cust</pre>	om_partition\$	ls -	al	
total 42224				
drwxr-xr-x 3 test test	4096 Feb	19 1	0:02	
drwxr-xr-x 15 test test	4096 Feb	19 1	0:00	
drwxr-xr-x 2 test test	4096 Feb	14 1	6:45	bin
-rwxr-xr-x 1 test test	1032 Feb	4 1	8:09	dl_getinfo
-rw-rr 1 test test	36864 Feb	19 1	0:02	DLSettings.db3
-rw-rr 1 test test	36864 Feb	19 1	0:02	DLSettings.db3-ini
-rwxr-xr-x 1 test test	3723 Feb	4 1	8:09	drivelock-ctl
-rwxr-xr-x 1 test test	14694959 Feb	14 1	6:45	drivelockd-install.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 test test	213 Jan	7 1	3:55	drivelockd.service
-rw-rr 1 test test	72 Feb	19 1	0:02	drivelock.inf
-rw-rr 1 test test	13974612 Feb	19 1	0:02	drivelock.tar.bz2
-rwxr-xr-x 1 test test	14451584 Feb	19 1	0:01	drivelock.tgz
-rwxr-xr-x 1 test test	127 Jan	7 1	3:55	run

5. Next, configure the UMS server.

3.3.1 Configuring the UMS server

Please do the following:

- 1. Upload the **drivelock.inf** and **drivelock.tar.bz2** files to the UMS server.
- 2. Open the UMS Console.
- In the UMS Console, navigate to Files -> New File -> Upload local file to UMS server.
- 4. Set **Root** as **Owner** (see figure).

Edit file	L. L	×
Source URL	https://SUP-MUC-DES03.sup.drivelock.se:8443/ums_filetransfer/drivelock.inf	
Classification	Undefined	•
Devices file location		
Access rights	Read Write Execute	
	Owner 🗹 🗹	
	Others	
⇒	■Owner Root ▼	
	<u>O</u> K C	ancel

- 5. Repeat the same for the **drivelock.tar.bz2** file.
- 6. In the UMS system, create a new profile, e.g. drivelock.

- 7. In the UMS Console, navigate to **Profiles** -> **New Profiles** -> **Profile Name**.
- 8. Edit the created profile and activate the Custom Partition as follows (see figure):
 - 1. Navigate to System -> Firmware Customization -> Custom Partition -> Partition
 - 2. Unlock Enable Partition
 - 3. Check Enable Partition
 - 4. Set size of the partition to 150 or 200 MB
 - 5. Keep /custom as **Mount Point**.

🔁 IGEL Universal Mana	agement Suite 6						- 🗆 ×
<u>S</u> ystem	drivelock						×
く > い 座	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ / ► System ► Firr	nware	Customization Custom Partition Partition				
Server	Configuration		🖸 太 🗹 Enable Partition				
🔻 🔼 IGEL Universal Managem	Sessions	•	Size	ົ 🔬	100m		
🔻 🎜 Profiles (3)	Accessories	•	Mount Point	2	/custom		
/2 24_5_Test	User Interface	•			reastorn		
/7 Test	Network	· v					
// drivelock	Devices	· ·					
Master Profiles (0)							
 X Template Keys and Gr Firmware Customization 	· ·	•					
 Firmware Customization Devices (3) 	System						
Mobile Devices (0)	Time and Date						
Shared Workplace Use	 Update Remote management 	- 1					
Views (0)	Remote Access	- 1					
Jobs (0)	Power Options	'					
Files (6)	Firmware Customization	- 1					
drivelock (2)	Custom Partition	_					
drivelock.inf	Partition Download	-					
drivelock.tar.bz2		- 1					
CA-Root-Cert_sup-r		- 1					
CA-Root-Cert_sup-r	Corporate Design	- 1					
sup-muc-ts01_Citri	Environment Variables	- 1					
🗎 sup-muc-ts01_dom	Features Registry	- 1					
🕨 📒 Universal Firmware Up	- Region,						
Search Histony (0)							
UMS Ad	Search						
Connected to 172.20.8.22 as ad							
				Apply	and send to device	<u>S</u> ave	<u>C</u> ancel

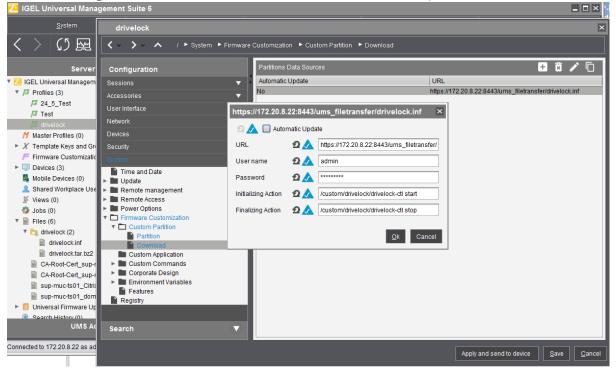
- 9. Specify the download source.
 - Navigate to System -> Firmware Customization -> Custom Partition -> Download
 - 2. Click [+] to add a Partition Download Source.
 - 3. Add the download URL http(s)://<server>:8443/ums_filetransfer/drivelock.inf
 - 4. Enter the user name and password to download the file. To confirm the user

has access, test in l	prowser.	
Neuer Tab	× +	
\leftrightarrow × \diamond	Q https://172.20.8.22:8443/ums_filetransfer/drivelock.inf	Q Suchen
🔅 Meistbesucht 🕘 Erste S	chritte 🔀 Microsoft Active Direc	
	orderlich :ps://172.20.8.22:8443 verlangt einen Benutzernamen und ein Passwort. Ausgabe iEL UMS File Transfer Realm" OK Abbrechen	der Website:

10. In the next step, enter the following (see figure):

Set Initializing Action to /custom/drivelock/drivelock-ctl start.





Note: Please note that the Mount Point matches the mount point configured in step 8.

11. Disable **USB access control** on Thin Clients.

Navigate to **Devices** -> **USB access control** -> uncheck **Enable**.

drivelock							×
✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ / ► Devices ► USB acces	ss control						
Configuration	🖸 📐 🔲 Enabl	e					
Sessions 🔻	Default rule			2 🛆 🛛	Allow		T
Accessories 🔻	Default permission			24	Read/Write		T
User Interface 🔹 🔻							
Network 🔻	Class Rules					+ 😨	/ 🗇
Devices 🔺	Rule		Class ID		Name	_	
The storage Devices Storage Devices Bluetooth USB access control	Allow		HID (Human Interfac	ce Device)	Allow HID		
Security 🔻						_	
System 🔻 🛔	Device Rules					+ ×	
	Rule	Vendor ID	Product ID	Device uuid	Permission	Name	
Search V							
				Apply a	and send to device	<u>S</u> ave	<u>C</u> ancel

- 12. Assign the DriveLock profile to the Thin Clients.
 - 1. Navigate to **Devices** -> **Client**. Drag and drop the DriveLock profile icon to the Thin Client.
 - 2. As per requirement, select **Now** or **By next reboot** to activate the changes.

4 Configuration settings

4.1 Recommended procedure

To configure the DriveLock Linux Agent, we recommend following the procedure below:

1. Start by creating a DriveLock group (static or dynamic) that includes your Linux agents.

This makes it easier to assign the policy you configure for your Linux agents later. Select the filter criteria **OS type Linux** as group definition.

The figure below shows the dynamic **Linux** group with description **All Linux clients** and filter criterion **OS type = Linux**.

≡ 🛈 Drive	Loc	k						2
Dashboard		Gr	oups	•				+ Add group member
•ီoc Operating								
Analysis	~		a column he	ader here to group by	that column	Linux_Group		
0000 · · · · · · · · · ·			Туре 🔻	Group name	Definition		△ Definitions	
^ල කු Configuration				٩	٩,			
Groups		~	8	Linux_Group	and(eq(inv:OsType,Linux))		OS type = 'Linux'	
			£ò	test				
Policies			Đ	london				

For more information on DriveLock groups, refer to the administration documentation at DriveLock Online Help.

- 2. To use a different tenant for your DriveLock Linux agents, select another one. For more information on using tenants, please also refer to the Administration Guide.
- 3. Create a new centrally stored policy for your Linux clients, name it accordingly (e.g. 'Linux policy') and start with Global settings.
- 4. Depending on whether you want to control the use of devices, drives or applications, set the appropriate settings.
- 5. Assign the 'Linux policy' to your DriveLock group. You can also assign to All Computers if you do not want to use a group.

4.2 Policy settings for DriveLock Linux Agents

Use the following settings to configure the policies you want to assign to DriveLock Linux Agents:

- Global configuration: Settings, Server connections, Trusted certificates
- EDR: Events (General Agent events, Device and Drive events), Event filter definitions
- **Drives**: Removable drive locking, Drive whitelist rules
- Devices: Device class locking, Device whitelist rules, Device collections

• **Applications**: scanning and blocking mode setting, local whitelist learning settings, special rule, file properties and application hash rule

Warning: Please note that the settings for drives and devices for DriveLock Linux agents are limited to controlling the USB interface.

The configuration of your 'Linux policy' depends on the specific requirements for your DriveLock Linux Agents.

Here are two scenarios for device settings (applicable to all users of the Linux clients):

- You want to allow the usage of Human Interface Devices, e.g. keyboards, but want to lock specific keyboards: create a device rule where you only list the devices you want to lock (blacklist mode).
- You want to block the usage of USB drives, e.g. USB flash drives, but want to allow specific USB flash drives: create a drive rule where you specify the allowed USB flash drives (whitelist mode).

Warning: The device and drive classes in Windows and Linux do not always match. DriveLock currently uses the hardware ID of the device or drive that will be locked (or allowed) on the DriveLock Linux Agent as match criteria.

4.2.1 Global configuration

- 1. Open the **Settings** section to configure the following:
 - License: Add the licenses you have purchased for your Linux agents.
 - Remote control settings and permissions: On the Permissions tab you can add the users that are allowed to take action on the Linux agent, such as changing the configuration.
 - Event message transfer settings: Make sure to check the Enable event forwarding to the DriveLock Enterprise Service option on the Server tab. The second option, Report agent status to server, allows you to specify the intervals for sending agent alive messages to the DES.
 - Advanced DriveLock Agent settings: On the Intervals tab you can set the intervals for loading the configuration from the server.
 - Settings for logging: Logging level, Maximum log file size in MB and Time until automatic deletion of old log files.
- 2. In the Server connections section you can add a new server, if required.

- 3. In the **Trusted certificates** section you select the certificates for the secure communication between the DriveLock Management Console and/or the DriveLock Linux Agents and the DES.
- Note: For more information about all settings, see the corresponding chapter In the Administration documentation on drivelock.help.

4.2.2 Events and alerts

The Risk & Compliance feature offers an optimized display of individual events combined with various filter options.

For DriveLock Linux agents, the following event categories are important: **Application control**, **General agent events** and **Device** and **Drive** events. See **Events** for a detailed list.

You can log events in the Windows Event Viewer or on the DriveLock Enterprise Service, but not in SNMP or SMTP.

The following settings are currently available for Linux agents.

4.2.2.1 EDR: Event settings

Example of how to configure drive event 110, which indicates that a drive is connected to the DriveLock Linux Agent and that it is not locked.

- 1. In the **Events and Alerts** node, open the **Events** sub-node. Doubleclick the event in the **Drive events** section. Currently only the settings on the **General** tab are available for Linux agents (see figure).
- 2. The System Event Log (**Windows Event Log**) option is the default, but you can also select **DriveLock Enterprise Service** to save the events in the event log on the DES.
- 3. If required, you can also check the **Suppress duplicate events** option.

4.2.2.2 Event filter definitions

On Linux agents it is possible to apply event filter definitions to the events available for Linux.

You can filter

- by filter criteria,
- by computers (with computer names or Drivelock groups)
- and by times.

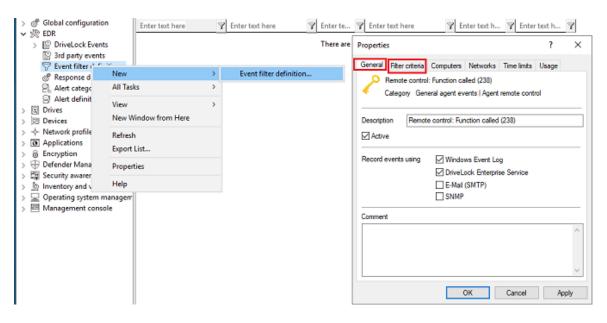
Event filter definitions can be used to reduce the number of events in the DOC event view, making it easier to find relevant events.

4.2.2.2.1 Create event filter definitions

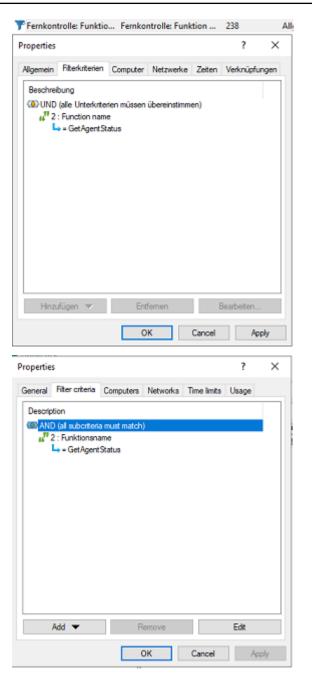
Example: Event 238 (remote control access) - generates a large number of events during a session. To reduce the number and restrict only to certain ones, specify filter criteria with certain parameters.

Please do the following:

- Right-click the Event filter definitions subnode in the EDR node and select New... from the menu. A list of available events is displayed. Select the event 238.
- 2. On the **General** tab, check the **Windows Event Log** and **DriveLock Enterprise Service** options.



On the Filter criteria tab, select the parameters to filter by. By clicking the Add button you can select the appropriate criteria and the operators.
 In the example above, one criterion would be the function name GetAgentStatus.
 Then the DriveLock Agent will send only the relevant events.



4.2.3 Drives

4.2.3.1 Drive settings

In the **Drives** node, select **Removable drive locking** and then doubleclick the **USB bus connected drives** option.

The Removable drive locking section provides two choices for your Linux policy:

Mote: Note that only the settings on the General tab apply to Linux policies.

1. Select the default option **Deny (lock) for all users (default)**:

This setting blocks the use of all drives connected via the USB interface for all users. You will need to define a whitelist rule that allows specific drives to be used.

2. Select **Allow** (for all users):

This option allows users to connect all drives over the USB interface. You will need to specify the drives you want to block in your drive rule.

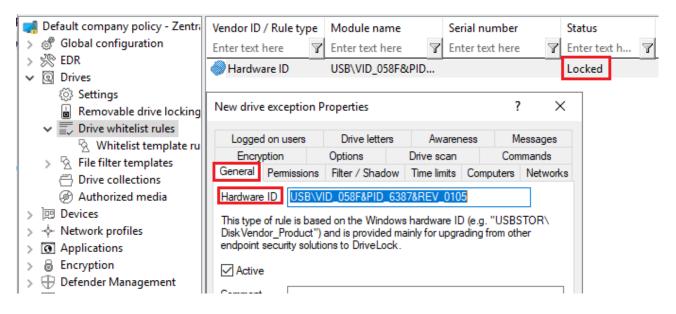
4.2.3.2 Drive whitelist rules

To configure a drive rule (as whitelist or blacklist), please proceed as follows:

- 1. In the **Drives** node, select **Drive whitelist rule**. Open the context menu, select **New** and then **Hardware ID rule**.
- 2. On the **General** tab, please enter the drive's hardware ID. This ID consists of the vendor ID (VID), product ID (PID) and revision number (REV).
- 3. On the **Permissions** tab, specify whether to deny (lock) or allow the drive (depending on your removable drive settings).

Warning: Please note that you cannot use the option 'Deny (lock) but allow access for defined users and groups' on Linux agents.

In the figure below, the USB drive with hardware ID USB\VID_058F&PID_6387&REV_0105 is locked for use.



4.2.4 Devices

4.2.4.1 Supported device classes for Linux agents

The following DriveLock device classes are currently supported for Linux:

- Devices:
 - Debugging and software protection devices (WinUSB, ADB) -> corresponds to Linux "Diagnostic Device class" (DC)
 - Printers -> corresponds to Linux "Printers class" (07)
 - Human Interface Devices (HID) -> corresponds to Linux "Human Interface Devices class" (03)
 - Modems, network adapters -> corresponds to Linux "Communications & CDC control class" (02)
 - Scanners and cameras -> corresponds to Linux "Image class" (06)
 - Smartcard readers -> corresponds to Linux "Smart Card class" (0B)
 - Sound, video and game controllers -> corresponds to Linux "Audio/Video/Audio&Video classes" (01|0e|10)
- Controllers and Ports:
 - Bluetooth transmitters -> corresponds to Linux "Wireless Controller Class" (e0)
 - USB controllers -> corresponds to Linux "Hub class" (09)

4.2.4.2 Device settings

In the Devices node, select Device class locking.

This section provides two choices for your Linux policy:

- Open the Controllers and Ports section and doubleclick USB controllers. This setting lets you block or allow the complete USB interface of the Linux Agent. The following options are available:
 - a. Leave the setting as it is.

You do not check the **Enable controlling devices of this device class** option. This is the default setting: **Not configured (not locked)**.

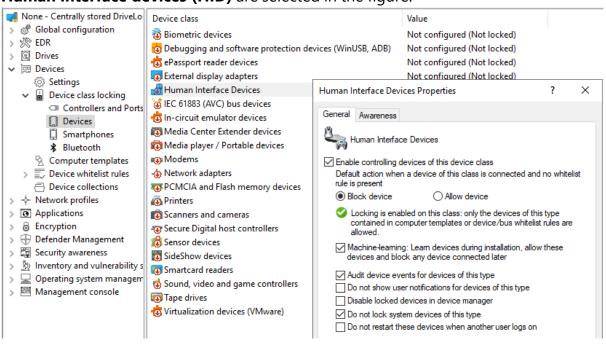
b. Lock the USB interface.

Check the **Enable controlling devices of this device class** option and then select **Block device**. This means that you will need to configure appropriate whitelist rules for the devices you want to allow.

c. Allow the USB interface.

Check the **Enable controlling devices of this device class** option and then select **Allow device**. This means that you will need to configure appropriate rules (blacklist) for the devices you want to block.

- d. If you select the **Machine Learning** option, all devices that are connected to the Linux Agent during installation are entered into a local whitelist and thereby allowed. Note here that the devices must also remain connected when the Linux agents are started. All other devices that are connected later are blocked.
- 2. Open the Devices section and doubleclick Human Interface Devices.
 - Note: Please note that only some of the device classes available for Windows policies have a counterpart on the Linux side.



Human interface devices (HID) are selected in the figure.

The same dialog is displayed as described above:

a. Check the **Enable controlling devices of this device class** option and then select **Block device**.

All HID devices connected to the USB interface are blocked after the policy is assigned to the DriveLock Linux Agent. You must configure an appropriate whitelist rule for the devices you want to allow.

b. Check the **Enable controlling devices of this device class** option and then select **Allow device**.

All HID devices are allowed. This means that you will need to configure appropriate rules (blacklist) for the devices you want to block.

- c. You can also select the Machine Learning option.
- d. Keep the default options checked. None of the other options are relevant for Linux agents.

4.2.4.2.1 Device whitelist rules (for USB controllers)

To configure a device rule (as whitelist or blacklist) for USB controllers, please proceed as follows:

- 1. In the **Devices** node, open the **Device whitelist rules** subnode; select **Controllers and Ports** and then **USB controllers** (see figure).
- Open the context menu, select New and then Device or bus.... None of the other options are relevant for Linux agents.
- 3. On the **General** tab, select the **Device** radio button and find the device you want to lock or allow (depending on whitelist or blacklist mode).
- In the Select devices dialog you can display the devices that are installed locally or the devices that are currently connected to the DriveLock Linux Agent (on Agent). Note that the DriveLock Linux Agent must be online if you choose the 'on Agent' option.
- 5. On the **Permissions** tab, specify the appropriate **Device locking behavior**.

Warning: Please note that you cannot use the option 'Deny (lock) but allow access for defined users and groups' on Linux agents.

In the figure below the USB controller with the ID PCI\VEN_15AD&DEV_0770&SUBSYS_ 077015AD&REV_00 is allowed and has the status **not locked**.

Einux - Centrally stored DriveLock policy	at M	ter t Y Enter text here Y	USR\VID_0E0E&PID_00 PCI\VEN_15AD&DEV_0	0770&SUBSYS_07701		text here		omment ter text h 🍞	f1c67b0d- cac88510-	h 🍸 4168 •e51f
 Settings 	Device class Comment Options Do r Scope Bus Bus © Dev Har PC Con	sidentifier	YS_077015AD&F	Select device Prop Installed devices Currently installed of Device name Generic USB Standard USB Standard USI Standard USI USB Composi Refresh	Device Scan devices () Hub Hub Hub Hub Hub Hub Hub Hub Hub Hub	local (USB Host Corr USB Host Conr	USB/V ntroller PCI/VE troller PCI/VE iller PCI/VE	/ID_0E0F&PID_ /ID_0E0F&PID_ EN_15AD&DEV EN_15AD&DEV	0002&REV _0770&SU _0774&SU _0779&SU 0003&REV	innect
		OK Ca	ncel Apply							

4.2.4.2.2 Device whitelist rules (for devices)

To configure a whitelist rule for devices, proceed as explained in Device whitelist rules (for USB controllers) except that you select **Input Devices (HID)** in the **Device whitelist rules** sub-node.

All other steps are identical.

In the figure below, the USB device with the hardware ID **USB\VID_0E0F&PID_0003&REV_ 0102&MI_00** has the status **Not locked**.

Devices	^	Type D	escription	Hardware ID		Status	Comment	Unique identifier	
🗍 Smartphones		Enter t 🍸 E	nter text here 🏻 🗑	Enter text here		Enter text here	P Enter text h	Y Enter text h Y	
🛱 Computer templates		P Device L	SB Input Device	USB\VID 0E0F&PID	0003&REV 0102&MI	00 Not locked		6d39db4a-c64	
 Device whitelist rules 									
> Controllers and Ports		Device Prope	ties		? ×	Select device Properti	ies		? ×
✓ □ Devices									
Biometric devices		Computer	s Netwo	orks Users	Options	Installed devices Dev	vice Scanner database		
Debugging and software protection devices	5	General	Permissions	s Awareness	Time limits				
<ि a ePassport reader devices		Description	USB Input Devi	ice		Currently installed devi	ices ices	Agent	✓ Connect
External display adapters						Device name		Hardware ID	
Human Interface Devices		Device class	📑 Human Inte	aface Devices	\sim	USB Input Devic	_	USB\VID 0E0F&PID 00	039051
IEC 61883 (AVC) bus devices		Comment				USB Input Devic		USB\VID_0E0F&PID_00	
ද්දි In-circuit emulator devices		Common				USD Input Devic	ic .	0001010_02010110_00	0.00112 0
Media Center Extender devices									
Media player / Portable devices									
I Modems		Options	_ Do not restart de	evice on user change					
A Network adapters		Scope (Bus						
IIII PCMCIA and Flash memory devices			Bus identifier		\sim				
📥 Printers		(Device		П				
Scanners and cameras			Hardware ID		- V -				
Secure Digital host controllers			USB\VID 0E0	F&PID_0003&REV_01028	MI 00				
😰 Sensor devices				itional) hardware IDs					
🔛 SideShow devices				&SubClass_00&Prot_00					
Smartcard readers			USB (Class_US	aSubciass_uuariot_uu	Add		_		
Sound, video and game controllers					Remove	Refresh	Hide system devices		
📧 Tape drives									
्द्व Virtualization devices (VMware)					Edit			OK	Cancel
> 🗍 Smartphones									
Device collections				OK Cance	Apply				
- A Network profiles									

4.2.4.2.3 Android and Apple devices

Creating rules for Android and Apple devices is also supported, see the figure below. Similar to other device categories, you need the hardware ID or serial number of the device to do so. On the **Permissions** tab, you can set the appropriate blocking settings.

None - Centrally stored DriveLo & Global configuration		Hardware ID Status
> % EDR	Enter t Y Enter text here	The second secon
> @ Drives	Pevice Android Device: OnePlu	is USB\VID_2A70 Locked
✓ I Devices	New whitelist rule Properties	? ×
Settings	The second s	
✓ a Device class locking	Time limits Computers Netwo	orks Logged on users Options
Controllers and Ports	General Permissions	Filter / Shadow Awareness
Devices	Description Android Device: One	Plus A5000
🗍 Smartphones		
★ Bluetooth	Device class 🤤 Android devices	\sim
Computer templates	Comment	
✓		
> Controllers and Ports	Active	
> Devices	Vendor ID	
 Smartphones Android devices 		
Android devices	Product ID	
BlackBerry devices	Hardware ID USB\VID_2A70&PID	_F003
Mobile phones		
Palm OS handhel	Only allow selected serial numbers	
📲 Windows Mobile		Add
Device collections		Demous
> 🔶 Network profiles		Remove
> Applications		Edit
> 🗟 Encryption		
> 🕀 Defender Management		
> 🛱 Security awareness		
> b Inventory and vulnerability s		Cancel Apply
> _ Operating system managem		
> 🔤 Management console	11	

The agent identifies a device as an Android or Apple device if it appears in the list of devices that is installed with the Drivelock Agent. The list contains the product and vendor IDs (or serial numbers); when connecting the respective device, the IDs are compared.

This list is located in the system in the /etc/udev/rules.d/ directory in the **51-drivelock-apple.rules** and **51-drivelock-android.rules** files.

Note: The list can be extended. If you need assistance with this, please contact our support.

4.2.4.2.4 Devices collections

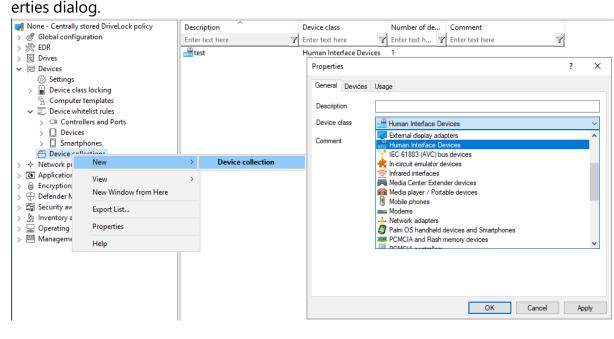
You can use device collections on Linux agents. They simplify managing devices of the same type when the same settings apply to them, while reducing the number of whitelist rules needed. Device collections may contain several similar devices and can be used in whitelist rules.

Note that only some device classes are supported on Linux agents. By specifying the corresponding hardware ID, the class could be ignored during comparison.

4.2.4.2.4.1 Create device collections

How to create a device collection:

- 1. In the **Devices** node, go to the **Device collections** subnode and then click **New** from the context menu.
- 2. Select the required device class on the **General** tab in the device collection's prop-



- 3. You can then select the devices on the **Devices** tab by clicking the **Add** button.
- 4. In the following dialog, select the corresponding **hardware ID** of the device. You can also connect to the Linux agent and select devices directly.
- 5. Once you have created a device collection, you can use it in device collection rules.

4.2.5 Applications

DriveLock includes some application control options for Linux agents.

Warning: Please note that Application Control is currently not available for IGEL clients.

- 1. The following settings can be used for Linux agents:
 - Use Scanning and blocking mode to activate the Application Control functionality
 - Set **Hash algorithm for hash-based rules** to specify the hash algorithm used in all rules
 - Use Start learning the local whitelist automatically to automatically create a local hash database
 - By using Local whitelist and predictive whitelisting, you can use the hash database as a whitelist
 - With Directories learned for local whitelist (Linux) you specify the directories that may be used for the learning process.
- 2. Three application rules can be used for Linux:
 - File properties rule
 - Special rule
 - Hash database rule

To be able to use Application Control for Linux, specific requirements regarding the Linux kernel must be met.

Note: You can find more information about Application Control, especially about the application rules, in the corresponding documentationat DriveLock Online Help.

4.2.5.1 Prerequisites for Application Control on Linux Agents

To support the full functionality of Application Control with whitelisting, the following requirements must be met:

- The fanotify API must be active in the Linux kernel
- The Linux kernel must be greater than 5.0.

In kernel versions smaller than 5.0, only the fanotify flag FAN_OPEN_PERM is available and only blacklisting is possible.

- The file system must support fanotify events. Current list of supported file systems:
 - bfs
 - btrfs
 - cifs
 - ecryptfs
 - ext2
 - ext3
 - ext4
 - fuseblk
 - fuse.vmhgfs-fuse
 - iso9660
 - jfs
 - minix
 - msdos
 - nfs
 - nfs4
 - nssvol
 - ncpfs
 - overlay
 - overlayfs
 - ramfs
 - reiserfs
 - smbfs
 - squashfs
 - tmpfs
 - udf

- vfat
- xfs
- zfs

Warning: Running Application Control on Linux systems alongside other fanotifybased security solutions is not supported. This can have unforeseen consequences, such as the failure of the operating system.

Note: Due to the limitations of fanotify, it is not possible to use Application Control inside containers.

4.2.5.2 Scanning and blocking mode

Use this setting to select the mode DriveLock uses to scan applications on the Linux agent and/or to initiate appropriate actions.

Please do the following:

Select **Set to fixed value**, and then select one of the following options from the list:

- Audit only: events are generated only; you can analyze them later
- Whitelist: applications may only be executed if a corresponding whitelist rule exists. All other applications will be blocked.
- **Blacklist**: applications are blocked only if there is a corresponding blacklist rule. All other applications are allowed.
- including DLLs: this addition also checks the shared libraries
- (simulate): this addition means that the effects of your rules are tested in advance and corresponding events are generated.

4.2.5.3 Local whitelist and predictive whitelisting

If this setting and the Automatically start learning local whitelist setting are enabled, the Linux agent scans the file systems and automatically creates a local hash file at startup if it does not already exist, and uses it as a local whitelist to allow files to be executed if the corresponding file hash is included in the list.

🛒 DriveLock			
📕 File Action View Window	Help		
🗢 🔿 🙍 💿 💿 🔒	U		
剩 Linux Tenant Test - Centrally sto	Setting	Value	
> d Global configuration	Enter text here	Enter text here	5
> % EDR	Scanning and blocking mode	Whitelist	
> (i) Drives > im Devices	Hash algorithm to use for hash-based rules	MD5	
> les Devices	Always audit application execution (independent of blockin	Not configured (Disabled)	
 Applications 	Custom user notification messages	Not configured	
Settings	Cocal whitelist and predictive whitelisting	Enabled	
Application rules	Application control caching	Not configured (Enabled)	
Application behavior rule	Cache lifetime ("time-to-live")	Not configured (30 minutes)	
🔂 Application collections	A Paths without hash generation for executed applications	Not configured	
Script definitions	a Directories learned for the local whitelist	C:\DRIVELOCK\	
> @ Encryption	Additional extensions learned for the local whitelist	Not configured	
> Defender Management	Trusted Processes	Not configured	
> 🛱 Security awareness	Jupload local whitelist to DriveLock Enterprise Service	Not configured (Disabled)	
> So Inventory and vulnerability s	🔏 Start learning the local whitelist automatically	Not configured (Enabled)	
> Operating system managem	Duration of the learning phase for local learning	Not configured (7 days)	
> Management console	Ask user in case of unusual application behavior	Not configured (Disabled)	
	Contractories learned for the local whitelist (Linux)	Not configured	

The scan processes all ELF binaries and scripts starting with # ! start, in all or in the specified directories configured with the setting Directories learned for local whitelist (Linux).

Limitation:

The Linux agent is not notified of system or software updates, so if updates are made during or after the local whitelist scan, these new hashes are not included in the hash database and cannot be executed unless a new hash scan is started. If the local whitelist is used to whitelist important files of the operating system, it is recommended to disable automatic updates.

4.2.5.4 Start learning the local whitelist automatically

Use this setting to define whether local whitelist learning is started automatically (i.e. as soon as the corresponding policy is assigned to the DriveLock Agent) or by users.

The default option is Enabled.

4.2.5.5 File properties rule

This rule allows you to specify different file properties to filter by. This rule can be created as a whitelist or blacklist rule.

Please do the following:

In the **Applications** node, under **Application Rules for Linux Agents**, open the **File prop**erties rule.... context menu item.

- 1. On the **General** tab, the first thing you do is set the rule type. Then you have the following choices:
 - **Path**: Specify a path in Linux format (e.g. /home/test/) if you want to allow (or block) applications from a specific path. Wildcards are allowed.
 - **Hash**: This option verifies that the hash value of the file contents matches the specified value. The system stores this value when creating the rule and compares it with the currently calculated value at runtime. If both match, the rule is activated. Use this option, for example, for a single application that you want to allow or block via whitelist or blacklist.
 - **Owner**: Use this option to restrict the starting of an application to a specific file owner. For example, you can use this setting to allow all programs installed by an administrator or by a trusted installer account, while blocking all applications that were installed by other users. This also allows for automatically blocking all applications that can be run without prior installation.

A combination of the options is possible.

- 2. On the **Permissions** tab, you can specify specific Linux users or groups for which this rule is active. Users or groups can be included or excluded. You can specify not only the names in Linux format, but also numeric IDs.
- 3. On the **Time limits** tab you can specify the times when you want the rule to be active.
- 4. On the **Computers** tab you can specify the computers where the rule will be active.

4.2.5.6 Special rule

The special rule can be used only as a whitelist rule.

Please do the following:

- 1. In the **Applications** node, under **Application Rules for Linux Agents**, open the **Special Rule** context menu **item....**
- 2. On the **General** tab you have three options to choose from:
 - Program file is part of the operating system:

This option automatically allows operating system programs from the following system directories:

- /bin, /sbin, /lib, /lib64, /usr, /etc
- Ubuntu: /snap
- Suse: /.snapshots

• Program file is part of DriveLock

Here binaries are allowed in the Drivelock installation folder and the "bin" folder below it.

The custom installer drivelockd-install.sh is not included, the user must add a rule to run the script in case of upgrades.

• Any program is started:

All started applications are allowed here, regardless of the directory.

- 3. On the **Time limits** tab you can specify the times when you want the rule to be active.
- 4. On the **Computers** tab you can specify the computers where the rule will be active.

4.2.5.7 Application hash database rule

With this rule it is possible to create a hash database file or add an existing file previously created on the Linux computer. Application hash database rules can be defined as blacklist or whitelist.

Please do the following:

- 1. In the **Applications** node, under **Application Rules for Linux Agents**, open the **Application hash database rule....** context menu item.
- 2. First, select the **rule type**.

Note: Note that whitelist is supported only if the Linux kernel is greater than 5. For example, only binaries that have a hash in the list are allowed as a whitelist.

- 3. Then enter a **rule name**.
- 4. Under **Database file** you can choose to create a new file or select a file that has already been created.

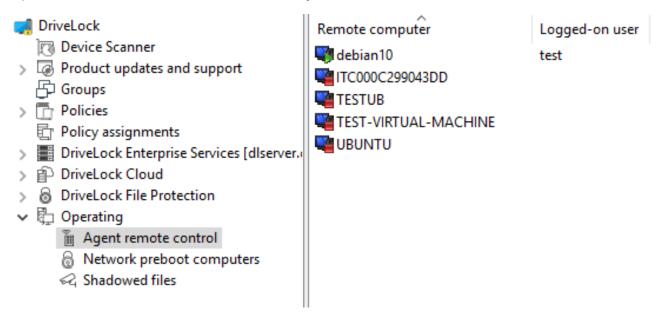
Note: The hash database file is a text file with the format <Hash> <Dateipfad> for each line. It can be created on the Linux client using one of the supported hash algorithms with the supplied tool dl-hash.

4.3 Agent remote control

Open the **Operating** node in the DriveLock Management Console and select **Agent remote control**. You see a list of client computers where the DriveLock Agent is installed (see figure).

Note: Please refer to the DriveLock Administration Guide at drivelock.help for further information on agent remote control.

Open the context menu of the Linux client you selected and click **Connect**.



The following agent remote control actions are relevant for Linux agents:

Disconnect	
Unlock temporarily	
Show RSOP	
Agent configuration	
Display inventory	
Display local application whitelist	
All Tasks	>
Properties	
Help	

- 1. Disconnect the Linux agent.
- 2. **Unlock temporarily...** : more information here.
- 3. Show RSOP...

Click this option to view a summary of the policy (Resultant Set of Policy) assigned to the Linux agent. You can not change any settings here.

4. Agent configuration...

Click this option to open a dialog with information on the agent's configuration. It shows you the server your Linux agent receives the centrally stored policy from and, if necessary, you can add another server or enter another tenant on the **Options** tab.

5. Display inventory

Click here to get inventory information on your Linux agent (on the **General**, **Drives**, **Devices**, **Applications** and **Networks** tabs).

Inventory data Pr	roperties	?	×	
General Drives	Devices Applications Patches Windows updates Networks			
Computer identity	·		_	
Data source	Live connection to Agent			
Computer name	debian 10			
Domain	localdomain			
ADS path	debian 10			
ADS object ID	e9c7c1c9-e2fa-4dc6-85f3-b6fb140b78f3			
Computer details				
Vendor	VMware, Inc.			
Product	VMware Virtual Platform			
Serial number	VMware-56 4d 8a 1f e3 58 31 8b-c9 d6 1a a2 3b cf da 39			
PXE GUID				
Memory	710 MB (maximum installable 0 bytes, 1 memory slots)			
Operating system	details			
Installed version	Debian GNU/Linux			
Service pack	< none >			
Serial number	Debian GNU/Linux 10 (buster)			
BIOS details				
Vendor and name	e Phoenix Technologies LTD			
BIOS date	19.05.2017			
Serial number				
Version				
	ОК	Ca	ncel	

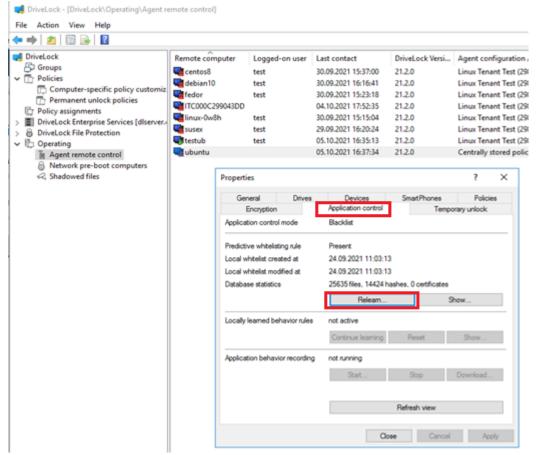
6. **Display local application control whitelist...**: Click here to view the current contents of the application hash database.

4.3.1 Application control in the agent properties

It is possible to trigger a rescan of the local whitelist via the agent remote control or via the Drivelock command line utility drivelock-ctl -rescanapps (this requires administrator privileges). Please do the following:

1. Open the agent properties dialog by double-clicking the respective Linux agent.

2. Select the Application control tab.



- 3. Click the **Relearn**... button to initiate a scan. This may take some time.
- 4. Click Show... to view the current contents of the application hash database.

Select drive / device			×
🚯 Close 🛛 🏢 Properties 🛛 💥 De	elete	🚯 Find 🛛 🖓 Next	
Image: state Image: state	Fie name bash bhtty bunzip2 busybox bozoat bozo bozoat bozo bozo bozo bozo bozo bozo bozo boz	Hash 557-0271e30cf474e0f46f93721td1ba 1aaeac817e09a4b021b54f19a96d2ae8 b399a691a3874b45f37c932cba91448 1378b6058543d4954af439b48b2572a b398a691a3874b45f327c932cba91448 e788fc0138b565798974ec7dc20f81 10a560be2ad3f47ff12daaf1c0256c5 2b11555485da178b3a1942a22d20c624 b398a691a3874b45f327c932cba91448 740460f0dbec0eb6a15b1d34b69d11b e243259b6d13b9403df3cb9cd5176e1 749bda6cb12341b7c83c9b9cd5176e1 749bda6cb12341b7c83c9b645579201a e49c68a5448a0db2f84e838brfd30963f 5940e9ac8152a4c5ef002813078fa5ea Ff10c88ec9aac811733d1c943581c943581026	*

4.3.2 Temporary unlock from the DMC

Using temporary unlock, you can quickly and temporarily allow a connected DriveLock Linux agent to access locked drives, devices, or applications via remote agent control in the DriveLock Management Console (DMC).

This can also be done from the DriveLock Operations Center (DOC).

Please do the following:

- 1. In the context menu of the Linux agent, select the menu command **Unlock tem-porarily...**.
- 2. Specify where to apply the unlocking to (drive types or device types or both).

Laufwerke temporär freigeben X
Agent temporär freigeben Bitte wählen Sie, welche Art von Laufwerken / Geräten entsperrt werden sollen.
Temporäre Freigabe auf Agent ubuntu
: Bitte wählen Sie, welche Laufwerke oder Geräte Sie freigeben wollen:
Alle freigeben 🗌 Laufwerkstypen
Gerätetypen
< Back Next > Cancel

3. If you want to unlock applications, select **Disable application control during sharing** in the dialog.

To add the applications used during the unlock period to the local hash database, you can also select the corresponding option and also specify exactly which files or applications should be learned.

Laufwerke temporär freigeben	×
Agent temporär freigeben Entsperr-Verhalten und -Optionen wählen	0
Optionen für Applikationskontrolle ✓ Applikationskontrolle während der Freigabe deaktivieren Anwendungen, die während der Freigabe gestartet werden, zur lokalen Hash-Datenbank hinfügen (Lemmodus) Anwendungsdateien, die zur Datenbank hinzugefügt werden sollen: Dateien, die während der Freigabe geschrieben wurden Anwendungen, die während der Freigabe gestartet wurden Beides (geschriebene Dateien und gestartete Anwendungen)	
< Back Next > Cance	1

4. Lastly, define the time period and specify a reason for the unlock.

Laufwerke temporär freigeben	×
Agent temporär freigeben Bitte wählen Sie die Dauer der Aufhebung der Sperre.	\bigcirc
Bitte wählen Sie, wie lange die Freigabe der Agenten dauem soll: Zeitraum Min (endet mit Neustart) Bis Datum Bis Datum 	
Grund für Freigabe (für Reporting)	
< Back Finish	Cancel

5 Linux agents in the DOC

DriveLock Linux Agents are displayed in the DriveLock Operations Center (DOC) like other DriveLock Agents.

The following DOC views are relevant for Linux agents:

- **Computer**: Filter by **OS Type** (^(A) icon), for example, to group your Linux agents by their OS type. Select any Linux agent to check details.
- **Groups**: If you have defined a DriveLock group for your Linux agents, it is displayed here with information about the respective members and the assigned policies.
- **Events**: This view lists the events that a Linux agent sends to the DES.
- **EDR**: The Endpoint Detection & Response view provides continuous monitoring and allows you to configure your response to security alerts.
- **Accounts**: This view provides a list of all user accounts that are allowed to access the DOC. It also shows information on status and roles along with name and logon details.

5.1 Display license status in DOC

The Linux Agent supports Drivelock licenses for the following components, as configured via policy: Application Control and Device Control (drive and device control).

The agent activates the components according to the license and reports the correct license status to DriveLock Enterprise Service (DES). You can check this in the details of the computer in DOC (see figure).

• 🖵	ubuntu	
Overview	Properties	
Configuration		
Microsoft Defender		
Vulnerability Scan	Concession in the second se	
Groups	License: Device Control:	V(ves)
Volumes	Application Control:	✓ (Yes)
Related objects	Application Behavior Control:	- (No)
Software	Encryption 2-Go:	- (No)
Users	Disk Protection:	(No)
Devices 5	File Protection:	- (No)
Drives	BitLocker Management:	- (No)
Net drives	DriveLock PEA:	(No)
Processes	Defender Management:	- (No)
Files	Vulnerability Scanner:	- (No)
nes	BitLocker2Go:	(Nio)
Events 77	EDR:	- (No)
	Native Security:	(No)
Details	Legacy OS Support:	(No)

Using the command line tool "drivelock-ctl -showstatus" it is possible to check the current license status on the client.

5.2 Temporary unlock from the DOC

It is possible to temporarily unlock the application or drive accounts on the Linux agents from DriveLock Operations Center (DOC) using the **Unlock computer online** action.

Benutzer		Jili Diagramm	widgets 🗠		vct-centos
Computer	 Status (DriveLock Agent) 	K	△ Agenten-Version (DriveL	ock Agent) 🛛 🕅	
Alerts Microsoft Defender		Nicht gesetzt 95.88%	100K		☞ Angewendete Richtlinien
Schwachstellenscan	98740 Gesamt	OK 3.62% Zu Prüfen 0.49%	50К —		
G Wiederherstellung		014578			✓ Zugehörige Objekte
👬 Auswertung 🗸			21.2.0 21.1.0 20.2.1 20.1.1	19.2.6 19.2.2 7.9.6 7.9.2 ?	➡ Aktionen
^{ର୍ଷ୍} ଷ୍ତ Konfiguration 🗸	Ziehen Sie eine Spaltenüberschrift hierher, um nach dieser S	ipalte zu gruppieren			▽ Volumes
🚹 Einstellungen 🗸	Stat Spe Name	C T VOS Sr V Letzter and	gemeldeter Benutzer Agenten-Ver	sion Letzter Kontakt	☞ Ereignisse
	💌 💿 🖴 vct-centos	∆ de-DE gunnar	51 1 1 24273 Filter-Aktionen	29.3.2021, 12:57:50	▽ Eigenschaften
		- Ū	Zur Gruppe hinzufügen Computer löschen Aktionen auf Computer ausführen 🗼	 Konfiguration/Richtlinien aktualisieren Computer-Inventar schicken Inventarisierungsdaten anzeigen 	
				RSOP anzeigen	

× DriveLoc	۲ <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>					
Dashboard	Comput	ers 🕶				
•່ວະ Operating						
Q Users					in C	hart widgets
Computers	Drag a column he	ader here	to group by that column			
Alerts	🔳 Stat 🝸 I	od 🝸 I	Name İ	Agent I	D	OS: Y
Microsoft Defender			0,	۹		
Vulnerability Scan		-	centos8 debian10		7F1-019E-47DA-9F64-1F8296745D96	Δ Δ
	ŏ	-	fedor		21D-4538-4D3A-8D7D-951C839427F8	۵.
Recovery	0		ITC000C299043DD	8609A	Update configuration/policy	۵
Analysis	•	a	linux-0w8h	3831F(B Show inventory	۵
A .	0	a :	susex	B8C9E	③ Configure agent	۵
Configuration V		a	testub	FBA5A	Show RSOP	۵
🚹 Settings 🗸		-	√ Filter actions	Þ	Show Properties	0
			- Add to group		Online unlock computer	
			Delete computer		Offline unlock computer	
			🔌 Show trace files		Stop unlock	
			Run actions on compo	uters 👂	More actions	

The temporary unlock ends after the configured time limit. If an absolute time is specified, the temporary unlock will survive a restart if the time is still within the configured period.

You can use the drivelock-ctl -showstatus command line command to display the current status of the temporary unlock.

The temporary unlock can be stopped with the **Stop unlock** option.

In application control, the agent allows execution of all binaries and can also detect started or written binaries and add them to the local whitelist if required in the configuration.

For device control, all USB drives or devices can be unlocked at once.

5.3 Use join token

The functionality for securely adding agents using a join token can also be used for Linux agents. During installation, a join token is set for this purpose with the -j option.

```
Example: #sudo ./drivelockd-install.sh -t root -s
https://192.168.8.75:6067 -i /opt/drivelock -j fa173c1e-6403-439d-
8850-f0a71a2fbea7
```

You can set the join token later with the drivelock-ctl -setjointoken command.

You can find a Linux client's join token in the computer details in the DOC.

6 List of events

The table contains all events related to Linux as displayed in the DriveLock Control Center or the DriveLock Operations Center (DOC). All events below are triggered by DriveLock:

You can find a list of all events that are important in connection with DriveLock in the Events documentation at DriveLock Online Help..

The DriveLock Linux Agent sends the following events to the DES:

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
105	Information	Service started	The [name] service was star- ted.
108	Information	Service stopped	The service [name] was stopped.
110	Audit	Drive connected and unlocked	The drive [name] ([cat- egory]) was added to the system. It is a [type] bus device. The drive is [locked/unlocked] for this event's user account. Device Id: [ID] [ID] (Rev. [rev]) (Serial number [num- ber]) Applied whitelist rule: [rule] Screen state (key- board [Win]-[L]): [state]
111	Audit	Drive connected and locked	The drive [name] ([cat-

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
			egory]) was added to the system. It is controlled by {Product} because of com- pany policy. As an ACL was applied to the drive, some users may no longer be able to access it. It is a [type] bus device. The drive is [locked/unlocked] for this event's user account. Device Id: [ID] [ID] (Rev. [rev]) (Serial number [num- ber]) Applied whitelist rule: [rule] Screen state (key- board [Win]-[L]): [state]
129	Audit	Device connected and locked	The device [name] was con- nected to the computer. It was locked due to com- pany policy. Device type: [type] Hardware ID: [ID] Class ID: [ID] Applied whitel- ist rule: [rule] Screen state (keyboard [Win]-[L]): [state]
130	Audit	Device connected and not locked	The device [name] was con- nected to the computer. Device type: [type] Hard- ware ID: [ID] Class ID: [ID] Applied whitelist rule: [rule]

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
			Screen state (keyboard [Win]-[L]): [state]
131	Audit	Temporarily unlocked	{Product} Agent was tem- porarily unlocked by an administrator. Admin- istrator computer: [Com- puterName] (unique ID [ComputerGuid]). Admin- istrator account: [User- Name] (domain [Domain], SID [SID])
132	Audit	Temporary unlocked cancelled	The temporary unlock mode of the {Product} Agent was canceled by an administrator. Admin- istrator computer: [Com- puterName] (unique ID [ComputerGuid]). Admin- istrator account: [User- Name] (domain [Domain], SID [SID]
139	Warning	Temporary unlock ended	The temporary unlock mode of the {Product} Agent ended because the unlock time elapsed.

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
152	Warning	Policy storage extrac- tion failed	The policy storage con- tainer [name] cannot be unpacked to the local com- puter. Some functions rely- ing on files stored in this container may fail.
153	Warning	Configuration file applied	The configuration file [name] was successfully applied.
154	Error	Configuration file down- load error	The configuration file [name] could not be down- loaded. Error code: [code] Error: [error]
158	Error	Configuration file error	The configuration file [name] could not be read. Error code: [code] Error: [error]
191	Warning	{Pre- fixEnterpriseService} selected	The {Pre- fixEnterpriseService} [name] was selected by {Product}. Connection ID: [ID] Used for: [Invent- ory/Recovery/Events]
192	Warning	{Pre-	No {Pre-

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
		fixEnterpriseService} not available	fixEnterpriseService} is avail- able because no valid server connection is con- figured.
199	Warning	Drive temporarily unlocked	Drive types temporarily unlocked by administrative intervention are [DriveType1] [DriveType2] [DriveType3] [DriveType4] [DriveType5] [DriveType6] [DriveType7] [DriveType8] [DriveType9] [DriveType10]
200	Warning	Devices temporarily unlocked	Device classes temporarily unlocked by administrative intervention are: [DeviceTypes]
221	Warning	Application hash data- base missing	The application hash data- base [FileName] is missing from the policy file storage. Please check if the group policy or configuration file is correctly applied. Rule: [ObjectID]
222	Warning	Cannot open applic- ation hash database	The application hash data- base [FileName] cannot be

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
			opened. Please verify the file using Management Console. The underlying application rule will not function. Rule: [ObjectID]
235	Error	SSL: Cannot set up	The encrypted com- munications layer (SSL) could not be set up. Error: [error]
236	Error	Remote control: Cannot set up server	The remote control server component coud not be set up. Agent remote con- trol will be unavailable. Error: [error]
237	Error	Remote control: Internal error	Agent remote control: An internal SOAP com- munications error occurred. Error: [error]
238	SuccessAudit	Remote control: Func- tion called	An Agent remote control function was called. Calling IP address: [IP address] Called function: [function]
243	Error	Cannot open database	A database could not be opened. Database file:

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
			[name] Error code: [code] Error: [error]
246	Error	Cannot store con- figuration status	The Agent cannot store the configuration status used by other {Product} com- ponents. Error code: [code] Error: [error]
247	Error	Cannot initialize con- figuration store	{Product} Agent cannot ini- tialize the configuration database stores.
249	Error	Configuration file: Fall- back configuration applied	A configuration using con- figuration files was detec- ted but no settings could be retrieved from a con- figuration database. {Product} will fall-back to a configuration where all removable drives are blocked.
250	Warning	Configuration file: Using cached copy	The configuration file [name] could not be loaded from its original loc- ation. A locally cached copy was used.

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
251	Error	Configuration file: Can- not extract	A {Product} configuration file could no be extrac- ted.%rSettings from this file will not be applied. Database file: [name] Error code: [code] Error: [error]
264	Error	Cannot merge con- figuration database with RSoP	Cannot merge the con- figuration database [name] into the resulting set of policy.
287	Error	No server defined for inventory	No server is defined for uploading collected invent- ory data.
288	Information	Inventory collection suc- cessful	Hard- and software invent- ory data was successfully collected and uploaded. DES server: [server name] Connection ID: [ID]
289	Information	Inventory collection failed	An error occurred while col- lecting hard- and software inventory data.DES server: [server name] Connection ID: [ID] Error: [error]
294	Error	Cannot download cent-	The centrally stored policy

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
		rally stored policy	[name] could not be down- loaded. Server: [name] Error: [error]
295	Error	Centrally stored policy: Cannot extract	A centrally stored policy could no be extracted. Set- tings from this file will not be applied. Configuration ID: [ID] Error code: [code] Error: [error]
297	Error	Centrally stored policy: Fall-back configuration applied	A configuration using cent- rally stored policies was detected but no settings could be retrieved from a server. {Product} will fall- back to a configuration where all removable drives are blocked.
299	Information	Centrally stored policy downloaded	The centrally stored policy [name] was successfully downloaded. Configuration ID: [ID] Version: [version]
443	Error	Component start error	A {Product} system com- ponent could not be star- ted on this computer. Error code: [code] Error: [error]

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
			Component ID: [ID]
473	Audit	Process blocked	The execution of a process was blocked by company policy. Process: [Pro- cessName] File Hash: [Pro- cessHash] Applied rule: [ObjectID] Rule type: [WIType] File owner (user name): [UserName] File owner (user sid): [SID] File version: [FileVersion] Cer- tificate issuer: [CertIssuer] Certificate subject: [Cer- tSubject] Certificate serial: [CertSerNo] Certificate thumb print: [Cer- tThumbprint] Description: [VerDescription] Product: [VerProduct] Command line: [CmdLine] Parent Pro- cess: [ProcessName] ([Pro- cessGuid]
474	Audit	Process started	A process was started. Pro- cess: [ProcessName] File Hash: [ProcessHash] Applied rule: [ObjectID] Rule type: [WIType] File

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
			owner (user name): [User- Name] File owner (user sid): [SID] File version: [FileVer- sion] Certificate issuer: [Cer- tlssuer] Certificate subject: [CertSubject] Certificate serial: [CertSerNo] Cer- tificate thumb print: [Cer- tThumbprint] Description: [VerDescription] Product: [VerProduct] Unique Pro- cess ID: [ProcessGuid] Com- mand line: [CmdLine] Parent Process: [Pro- cessName] ([ProcessGuid]
520	Error	All {PrefixES} not reach- able	Cannot load company policy. All configured {Pre- fixEnterpriseService}s are not reachable.
521	Error	Cannot determine com- puter token	Cannot determine the com- puter token. Error code: [code] Error: [error]
522	Error	Error loading policy assignments	An error occurred while loading policy assignments from server [name]. Error: [error]

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
523	Error	Policy integrity check failed	The integrity of an assigned policy could not be veri- fied.%rPolicy ID: [ID] Policy name: [name] Actual hash: [value] Expected hash: [value]
533	Warning	No policy - wiped	No valid policy available - the company policy was wiped because the com- puter was offline for a long period of time.
546	Warning	Application control tem- porarily disabled	Application control was temporarily disabled by administrative intervention. Learn written files: [LearnWrittenFiles] Learn executed files: [LearnEx- ecutedFiles]
584	Information	Inventory started	Inventory generation was triggered by DES.
593	Information	Machine learning com- pleted	Machine learning for local application whitelist was completed.
594	Error	Error during machine	An error occurred during

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
		learning	machine learning of the local application whitelist. Step: [StepName] Error code: [ErrorCode]
595	Error	Error during machine learning	An error occurred during machine learning of execut- able file "[FileName]". Error code: [ErrorCode] Error: [ErrorMessage]
596	Information	Machine learning com- pleted	Machine learning of execut- able file "[FileName]" com- pleted. Reason: [AlfLearnReason]
597	Error	Application control license required	The company policy con- tains settings for applic- ation control features requiring a special license which is not present on the system. Error: [ErrorMes- sage]
639	Error	Server certificate error	Server certificate error detected. Certificate: [name]. Error message: [text]

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
648	Audit	DLL blocked	The loading of a DLL was blocked by company policy. Process: [Pro- cessName] ([ProcessGuid]) Applied rule: [ObjectID] Rule type: [WIType] DLL File Name: [ProcessName] DLL File Hash: [ProcessHash] File owner (user name): [UserName] File owner (user sid): [SID] File version: [FileVersion] Certificate issuer: [CertIssuer] Cer- tificate subject: [Cer- tSubject] Certificate serial: [CertSerNo] Certificate thumb print: [Cer- tThumbprint] Description: [VerDescription] Product: [VerProduct]
649	Audit	DLL loaded	A DLL was loaded. Process: [ProcessName] ([Pro- cessGuid]) Applied rule: [ObjectID] Rule type: [WIType] DLL File Name: [ProcessName] DLL File Hash: [ProcessHash] File owner (user name): [User- Name] File owner (user sid):

Event ID	Event level (Information, Warning, Error)	Event text	Description
			[SID] File version: [FileVer- sion] Certificate issuer: [Cer- tlssuer] Certificate subject: [CertSubject] Certificate serial: [CertSerNo] Cer- tificate thumb print: [Cer- tThumbprint] Description: [VerDescription] Product: [VerProduct]
679	Information	Machine learning star- ted	Machine learning for local application whitelist was started.

7 Command line tool

Use this command line tool to change the local configuration of a Linux Agent or to display the current configuration. You will find the **drivelock-ctl** tool in the installation directory of the DriveLock Linux Agent.

The following commands are available (see figure):

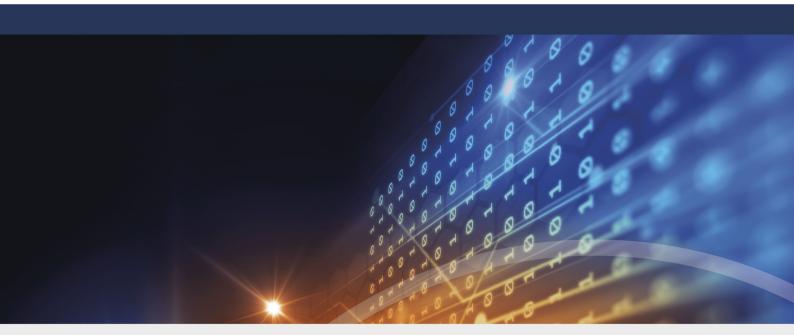
<pre>test@testub:~\$ /opt/drivelock/drivelock-ctl</pre>	. h
Drivelock Linux Agent- Command line tool	
DriveLock, 21.2.0.36779 Usage: drivelock-ctl [Option]	
Options: -enabletracing <level> -disabletracing -updateconfig -showstatus -setjointoken <join token=""> -settenant <tenantname> -setserver [http(s)://<server>:<port>] -recreatebootdevices -rescanapps</port></server></tenantname></join></level>	Enable service logging. Parameter is optional. Disable service logging Trigger a configuration update Show drivelock configuration status Set join token Set tenant name Set one or more server(DES) URLs, URLs should be delimited by ; Re-load boot devices Re-create local whiteliste

- enabletracing: Enables tracing to the **Drivelock.log** file residing in the installation directory in the **log** child directory.
- disabletracing: Disables tracing
- updateconfig: Updates your configuration, e.g. if you have made changes to your policies. The Linux agent then immediately connects to the DES and loads the changes
- showstatus: Shows the current status of the Linux client and informs when, for example, the DES was last contacted, which policies are assigned or which DriveLock modules are licensed (see figure)

Agent Identity:	
Agent version:	
Computer Name:	
	16e49a3e-19da-4707-8456-f11bdcdf668
	localdomain
OS Name:	Ubuntu
OS Version:	21.04 (Hirsute Hippo)
Component licensing sta	tus:
Device control:	Licensed
Application control:	Licensed
Agent Configuration & S	tatus:
fenant:	kav
Server URL(s):	https://192.168.8.249:6067
ast server contact at:	05.10.2021 16:45:14
ast inventory at:	unknown
Temporary unlock:	Not active
Assigned Policies:	
1 CSP ID: 55f8de53-944	4-4151-979b-8895c2cdc6da
ConfigName: Linux Te	nant Test
Version: 298	
Target: LinuxGroupüb	en

- setjointoken <join token>: Specify here the join token that will be set during the installation.
- settenant: Specifies the tenant for your Linux agent
- setserver: Specifies the DES that communicates with the Linux agent
- recreatebootdevices: Creates a new list of currently connected USB devices that should always be allowed at boot time
- rescanapps: Creates a new local whitelist





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